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Silica HR 200

Test kit for the photometric determination of silica in surface water and sewage

Method:

Silica reacts under acidic conditions (pH 1-2) with molybdate to form yellow colored molybdosilicic acid.

The reaction principle is analogous to US standard methods 4500-Si D.

Measurement range:

5-100 mg/L Si 10-200 mg/L SiO₂

Contents of test kit:

sufficient for 100 determinations 28 mL SiO₂-1 20 g SiO₂-2

28 mL SiO₂-3 1 measuring spoon 85 mm 1 plastic syringe 5 mL 1 instructions for use

Hazard warning:

SiO₂-2 contains sulfamic acid 50–100 %.

For further information please ask for a safety data sheet.

Instructions for use:

Requisite accessories: test tube 16 mm OD (REF 916 80).

- Rinse test tube 16 mm OD several times with the sample and fill with 5 mL sample.
- 2. Place test tube in photometer (PF-3) as blank value and adjust for zero.
- Add 5 drops of SiO₂-1, close test tube and mix.
- Add 1 level measuring spoon of SiO2-2 close test tube and mix. Wait for 2 min.
- 5. Add 5 drops of SiO₂-3, close test tube and mix.
- 6. Clean outside of test tube and measure after 2 min.

Measurement:

See manual for photometer PF-3.

After use, rinse out test tube thoroughly and seal them.

Disposing of the samples:

The used analysis specimens can be flushed down the drain with tap water and channelled off to the local treatment works.

Interferences:

The following quantity of phosphate will not interfere: \leq 150 mg/L PO $_4^{3-}$

In US standard methods 4500-Si D at least one form of silica is mentioned which is unreactive with respect to molybdate.

Molybdate-unreactive silica can be converted to the molybdate-reactive form by heating or fusing with alkali (e.g. digestion with sodium bicarbonate $NaHCO_3$).

Storage:

Store the test kit in a cool (< 25 °C) and dry place.